### al -Farabi Kazakh National University Faculty of Biology and Biotechnology Department of Biodiversity and Bioresources



# EDUCATIONAL AND METHODOLOGICAL COMPLEX OF DISCIPLINE

### 101559

Anatomy and physiology of humans and animals Educational program «6B05105 – Genetics»

Course	2
Semester	3
Number of credits	9
Lectures	3
Seminars	3
Laboratory classes	3
IWST	6

The educational and methodological complex of discipline was completed by Zaparina Ye., Senior Lecturer of department of Biodiversity and Bioresources and Ussipbek B.A., Senior Lecturer of department of Biophysics, Biomedicine and Neuroscience

Based on the working curriculum for the educational program «6B05105 – Genetics» of the Faculty of Biology and Biotechnology.

Confirmed and approved at the meeting of the Department of Biodiversity and Bioresources From «15» «05» 2024, Protocol №22

Head of the Department of Biodiversity and Bioresources Herenh Keg

Kegenova G.B.

Head of the Department of Biophysics, Biomedicine and Neuroscience Kustubaeva A.M.

Confirmed and approved at the meeting of the methodical council of Biology and Biotechnology Faculty

From «28» «05» 2024, Protocol №11

Dean



Kurmanbayeva M.S.

## SYLLABUS Spring semester 2024-2025 academic years on the educational program 6B05105 – Genetics

ID	Independent work		Number of credits			General	Independent work	
and name of course	of the student (IWS)	t	Lectures (L)	Sem. classes (SC)	Prac. classes (PC)	number of credits	of the student under the guidance of a teacher (IWST)	
101559 Anatomy and physiology of humans and animals	4		3	3	3	9	6	
ACADEMIC INFORMATION ABOUT THE CO				DURSE				
Learning Format	Cycle, Lecture types			Types of seminar classes		Form and platform final control		
Offline	Core disciplines (CD). University component (UC)	Informa	tion with ization	Laborator		Oral offline form		
Lector/ Assistant	Zaparina Yele department of			urces				
e-mail:	Zaparina.elena	a06@gmail.c	com					
Phone:	87024616800							
Lector/ Assistant	Ussipbek Bota							
e-mail :	ussipbek.botag	goz@kaznu.l	ΚZ					
Phone:	87472716237	ACAT	NEMIC CO	IDGE PREGI		Ţ		
		ACAI	DEMIL CO	URSE PRESI	ENTATION			
Purpose of the course				omes (LO) * he undergradu	ate will be	Indicators of LO achievement (ID)  The undergraduate:		
Discipline aims to form the ability to describe the fundamental concepts of anatomy and physiology of humans and animals, the relationship between structure and function, and the mechanisms for maintaining homeostasis of the organism. The following aspects will be considered:	1. To be able to physiology of the environment the functioning structural elements of the physiological regulation of mechanisms systems and environment.	the body in ant; the general g of various ments.  to describe systems, and the body that ensure	their unity are all patterns a body system and justify the mechan's vegetation the interaction.	nd interconnected and specific feats and their independent of the anatomical misms of physical physical physical functions, the anatomical functions, the anatomical functions of indives the functions of indives the anatomical functions are anatomical functions.	features of and the idual body	1.1 to identify knowledge of the structure and function of the body; 1.2 to demonstrate knowledge of anatomy, general patterns, and specific features of the functioning of the body's physiological systems. 1.3 to know the theoretical, practical and applied significance of the discipline 2.1 to explain the mechanisms of functioning of the body's physiological systems and their individual structural elements.show the main theoretical aspects of the discipline; 2.2 to understand the neurohumoral regulation of the body's vegetative functions; 2.3 to understand the mechanisms that ensure the interaction of individual body		
physiological mechanisms of vital activity of the human and animal	3. To be able to study the ana					systems and the organism as a whole with the external environment.  3.1 to understand the features of the structure of cells and tissues of various systematic groups of living organisms		

body; interaction of regulatory systems, mechanisms for maintaining the constancy of the internal environment of the organism; general biological patterns of the body structure of humans and animals, anthropogenesis.	body; to assess the functional states of physiological systems and the entire organism by interpreting the obtained research  4. To be able to evaluate and justify the significance of anatomical and physiological studies for the objective characterization of the functional state of the organism. implement a systematic approach in searching, critically analyzing and synthesizing information on cells and tissues  5. To synthesize information on anatomy and physiology based on theoretical and methodological principles and techniques for assessing and describing the anatomical and physiological state of the organism.	3.2 to work with a microscope, interpret cytological and histological preparations 3.3 to assess the level of functional activity of physiological systems when identifying pathological processes within them 4.1 to characterize the functional state of the organism based on physiological studies 4.2 to explain the clinical significance of anatomical and physiological studies. 4.3 to determine the causes of pathological processes in the organism, the mechanisms of their development, and clinical manifestations. 5.1 to synthesize information about the organism in order to clarify the anatomical-physiological norm or pathological deviations. 5.2 to describe the state of the organism			
		for assessing the physiological condition.			
Prerequisites	Cytology, Histology, and Embryology [101558], Biochemistry [1				
Postrequisites	Immunology [51286], Neurobiology [66148]				
Learning Resources  Academic	Literature:  1. Atlas of Human Anatomy (Netter Basic Science) 7thElsevier Science, 2018. – 672 p. ISBN: 0323393217  2. Anatomy & Physiology. – Textbook Equity Edition, 2013. – Vol3. – 540 p. ISBN-10 1938168135  3. Scanlon V.S., T. Sanders Essentials of Anatomy and Physiology, 5th ed. – 2006. – 622 p.  4. Jain A.K. Textbook of Physiology/Arya publishing comp 2022V.1, 2.  5. Amerman E. Human Anatomy & Physiology/Pearson2018.  6. Marieb E. Anatomy & Physiology 7th Edition / Pearson2019.  7. Sembulingam, K. Essentials of Medical Physiology [Text]: textbook / K. Sembulingam, 2019 1161 p.  8. Jain A. K. Textbook of physiology [Text]: textbook. Vol. 1, 2015 646 p.  Research infrastructure  1. Specialized Anatomical Laboratory  2. Specialized Physiological Laboratory  3. Medical center associated with Professor Darmeenov O.  Professional scientific databases  1. https://meduniver.com/Medical/Physiology/;  2. Web of science  3. PubMed  Internet resources:  http://elibrary.kaznu.kz/ru/  https://study.com/academy/topic/introduction-to-plant-anatomy.html				
course policy	Integrity of Al-Farabi Kazakh National University.  Documents are available on the main page of IS Univer.  Integration of science and education. The research work of students, undergraduates and doctoral students is a deepening of the educational process. It is organized directly at the departments, laboratories, scientific and design departments of the university, in student scientific and technical associations. Independent work of students at all levels of education is aimed at developing research skills and competencies based on obtaining new knowledge using modern research and information technologies. A research university teacher integrates the results of scientific activities into the topics of lectures and seminars (practical) classes, laboratory classes and into the tasks of the IWST, IWS, which are reflected in the syllabus and are responsible for the relevance of the topics of training sessions and assignments.  Attendance. The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course. Failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.  Academic honesty. Practical/laboratory classes, IWS develop the student's independence, critical thinking, and creativity. Plagiarism, forgery, the use of cheat sheets, cheating at all stages of completing tasks are unacceptable.				

Compliance with academic honesty during the period of theoretical training and at exams, in addition to the main policies, is regulated by the "Rules for the final control", "Instructions for the final control of the autumn / spring semester of the current academic year", "Regulations on checking students' text documents for borrowings".

Documents are available on the main page of IS Univer.

**Basic principles of inclusive education.** The educational environment of the university is conceived as a safe place where there is always support and equal attitude from the teacher to all students and students to each other, regardless of gender, race / ethnicity, religious beliefs, socio-economic status, physical health of the student, etc. All people need the support and friendship of peers and fellow students. For all students, progress is more about what they can do than what they can't. Diversity enhances all aspects of life.

All students, especially those with disabilities, can receive counseling assistance by phone / e- mail 8 702 46 16 800 / <a href="mailto:zaparina.elena06@gmail.com">zaparina.elena06@gmail.com</a>

**ATTENTION!** The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course, as well as in the MOOC. Failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.

#### INFORMATION ABOUT TEACHING, LEARNING AND ASSESSMENT Score-rating letter system of assessment of accounting for **Assessment Methods** educational achievements Grade Digital points, Assessment according to Criteria-based assessment is the process of correlating actual learning outcomes equivalent % content the traditional system with expected learning outcomes based on clearly defined criteria. Based on points formative and summative assessment. Formative assessment is a type of assessment that is carried out in the course of Α 95-100 4.0 \_ Great daily learning activities. It is the current measure of progress. Provides an 90-94 operational relationship between the student and the teacher. It allows you to A-3.67 determine the capabilities of the student, identify difficulties, help achieve the B+ 3.33 85-89 Fine best results, timely correct the educational process for the teacher. The performance of tasks, the activity of work in the classroom during lectures, seminars, practical exercises (discussions, quizzes, debates, round tables, laboratory work, etc.) are evaluated. Acquired knowledge and competencies are assessed. Summative assessment - type of assessment, which is carried out upon completion of the study of the section in accordance with the program of the course. Conducted 3-4 times per semester when performing IWS. This is the assessment of mastering the expected learning outcomes in relation to the descriptors. Allows you to determine and fix the level of mastering the course for a certain period. Learning outcomes are evaluated В 3.0 80-84 Points % content Formative and summative assessment 2.67 75-79 Activity at lectures C+2.33 70 - 7445 Work in seminar classes 65-69 Satisfactorily Independent work C-1.67 60-64 Design and creative activity D+1.33 55-59 Unsatisfactory Final control (exam) 40 D 1.0 50-54 TOTAL 100

Calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course. Methods of teaching and learning.

A	Topic name	Numb	Max.
week		er of	ball
		hours	
	MODULE 1 Anatomy		
1	<b>Lecture 1.</b> Position of Humans in the Animal Kingdom: Anatomical Similarities	2	
	and Differences Between Humans and Animals. Levels of Organism Structure		
	in Humans and Higher Vertebrate Animals. Osteology. Bone Joints. General		
	Structure of the Skeleton.		
	<b>Seminar 1.</b> Historical aspects of the development of anatomy.	2	4
	<b>Laboratory class 1.</b> To study the structure of the axial skeleton and the skeleton	2	4
	of the limbs using dummies and natural bones.		4
2	L2. Muscular system.	2	
	PC 2. Main muscle groups.	2	4
	LC 2. Study the main muscle groups using dummies and atlases.	2	4
	IWST 1. Consultation on the implementation of IWS 1		
3	L3. Digestive and respiratory systems.	2	

	PC 3. The influence of environmental factors and lifestyle on the anatomical	2	4
	variability of the musculoskeletal system.	2	
	LC 3. Study the structure of the digestive and respiratory systems using dummies and atlases	2	4
	<b>IWS 1.</b> Features of the structure of the musculoskeletal system of vertebrates"		
	(by classes: amphibians, reptiles, birds, mammals		17
4	L 4. Urogenital system.	2	
•	PC4. Features of the structure of the genitourinary system.	2	4
	LC 4. Study the structure of the genitourinary system using dummies and atlases	2	4
	IWST 2. Consultation on the implementation of IWS 1		1 4
5	L 5. Cardiovascular system and organs of hematopoiesis and immunogenesis.	2	
3	PC 5. Features of the structure of the cardiovascular system and organs of	2	
		2	4
	hematopoiesis and immunogenesis.	2	
	LC 5. To study the structure of the cardiovascular system and organs of	2	4
	hematopoiesis and immunogenesis using dummies and atlases.		
	IWST 3. Consultation on the implementation of IWS 2	2	
6	L 6. Endocrine and nervous systems.	2	1
	PC 6. Features of the structure of the endocrine and nervous systems.	2	4
	LC 6. Study the structure of the endocrine and nervous systems using dummies	2	4
	and atlases.		
	<b>IWS 2</b> Features of the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and		17
	the immune system.		-
7	L 7. Sense organs.	2	
	PC 7. Features of the structure of the sense organs		4
	LC 7. Study the structure of the sense organs using dummies and atlases.	4	14
1/1:14	rm control 1		100
whate.	im control i		100
	MODULE 2 Physiology		100
8	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms	2	100
	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.		100
	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues.	2	
	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.	2	4
8	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues.	2 2	
	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.	2	4
8	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.	2 2	4
8	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.	2 2 2	4 3
8	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.	2 2 2 2	4 3
8	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.	2 2 2 2	4 3
8	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3	2 2 2 2	4 3 4
8	MODULE 2 Physiology  L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of	2 2 2 2	4 3 3
8	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont	2 2 2 2	4 3 3
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.	2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 3
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the	2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 4 3
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.	2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 3
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.  PT 10. Mechanisms of neurohumoral regulation of heart function. Phase	2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 4 3
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.  PT 10. Mechanisms of neurohumoral regulation of heart function. Phase analysis of heart cycle.	2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 4 3 22
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.  PT 10. Mechanisms of neurohumoral regulation of heart function. Phase analysis of heart cycle.  LC 10. Determination of systolic and minute volume of blood flow.  L 11. Anatomy and physiology of respiration.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 4 3 22
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.  PT 10. Mechanisms of neurohumoral regulation of heart function. Phase analysis of heart cycle.  LC 10. Determination of systolic and minute volume of blood flow.  L 11. Anatomy and physiology of respiration.  PT 11. Physiology of the respiratory center. Mechanisms of external respiration.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 3 22 4 3
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.  PT 10. Mechanisms of neurohumoral regulation of heart function. Phase analysis of heart cycle.  LC 10. Determination of systolic and minute volume of blood flow.  L 11. Anatomy and physiology of respiration.  PT 11. Physiology of the respiratory center. Mechanisms of external respiration.  LC 11. Spirometry.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 4 3 22 4 3
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.  PT 10. Mechanisms of neurohumoral regulation of heart function. Phase analysis of heart cycle.  LC 10. Determination of systolic and minute volume of blood flow.  L 11. Anatomy and physiology of respiration.  PT 11. Physiology of the respiratory center. Mechanisms of external respiration.  LC 11. Spirometry.  IWSP 5 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 4	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 4 3 22 4 3
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.  PT 10. Mechanisms of neurohumoral regulation of heart function. Phase analysis of heart cycle.  LC 10. Determination of systolic and minute volume of blood flow.  L 11. Anatomy and physiology of respiration.  PT 11. Physiology of the respiratory center. Mechanisms of external respiration.  LC 11. Spirometry.  IWSP 5 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 4  IWS 4. Test tasks and practical tasks on the topics "Anatomy and Physiology of	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 4 3 22 4 3
9	L 8. Anatomy and physiology of excitable tissues. Physico-chemical mechanisms of formation of resting potential and action potential.  PC 8. Anatomical and electrophysiological characteristics of excitable tissues. Solving situational problems.  LC 8. General properties of excitable tissues.  L 9. Physiology of the circulatory system.  PT 9. Study of morphological and physiological parameters of the blood system.  LC 9. Determining blood group and Rh factor.  IWSP 4 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 3  IWS 3 The concept of excitation. Historical information about the study of bioelectric phenomena. Works of A. Galvani, A. Matteucci, E. Dubois-Reymont (presentation).  L 10. Anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system. Physiology of the heart. Physiological features of the heart.  PT 10. Mechanisms of neurohumoral regulation of heart function. Phase analysis of heart cycle.  LC 10. Determination of systolic and minute volume of blood flow.  L 11. Anatomy and physiology of respiration.  PT 11. Physiology of the respiratory center. Mechanisms of external respiration.  LC 11. Spirometry.  IWSP 5 Consultation on the implementation of IWS 4	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 3 4 3 22 4 3

	LC 12. Anatomical and physiological methods of studying the digestive system. Study of the digestive properties of gastric juice.	2	3
4.0			+
13	L 13. Anatomy and physiology of sensory systems. Types of higher nervous	2	
	activity.		
	PT 13. Physiology of hearing, vestibular, vision and skin analyzers.	2	4
	LC 13. Determining the field of vision of the eye.	2	3
	IWSP 6. Make a structural and logical diagram of the read material		
14	L 14. Hormonal regulation of physiological functions. Anatomy and physiology	2	
	of the endocrine system.		
	PT 14. Physiology and topography of endocrine glands.	2	4
	LC 14. Effects of adrenaline and acetylcholine on the heart	2	3
15	L 15. Metabolism and energy. Thermoregulation.	2	
	PT 15. Pathologies that occur in metabolic disorders. Obesity. Types of	2	4
	diabetes.		4
	LC 15. Calculation of basal metabolism according to Reed's formula,	2	
	nomogram. Study of adaptation of skin temperature receptors to high and low		3
	temperatures.		
Midter	m control 2		100
Final c	ontrol (exam)		100
TOTA	L for course		100

Dean

Chair of the Academic Committee on the Quality of Teaching and Learning

Head of the Department of Biodiversity and Bioresources

Head of the Department of Biophysics, Biomedicine and Neuroscience

Lector of the Department of Biodiversity and Bioresources

Lector of the Department of Biophysics, Biomedicine and Neuroscience Kurmanbayeva M.S.

Baktybayeva L.K.

ЖӨНЕ ОТЕХНОЛОГИЯ ФАКУЛЬТЕТІ

Theren

Kegenova G.B.

Kustubaeva A.M.

Zaparina Ye.

Ussipbek B.A.

### RUBRICATOR OF THE SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT

### CRITERIA EVALUATION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES

SIW 1: A group presentation « Features of the structure of the musculoskeletal system of vertebrates" (by classes: amphibians, reptiles, birds, mammals » (17% of 100% MC)

Criterion	"Excellent"	"Good"	"Satisfactory"	"Unsatisfactory"
	10-17 %	8-10 %	5-8 %	0-15 %
Understanding the theories	Deep understanding of the	Understanding the theories	Limited understanding of theories and	Superficial understanding/lack of
and concepts of the	theories and concepts of the	and concepts of the structure	concepts of the structure of the	understanding of theories and
structure of the vertebrate	structure of the musculoskeletal	of the musculoskeletal system	vertebrate musculoskeletal system.	concepts of the structure of the
musculoskeletal system	system of vertebrates.	of vertebrates.		musculoskeletal system of vertebrates.
Awareness of key issues in	Broad knowledge of key issues	Knowledge of the structure of	Limited knowledge of the structure of	Little awareness/incompetence of the
the structure of the	in the structure of the	the musculoskeletal system of	the musculoskeletal system of	structure of the musculoskeletal
vertebrate musculoskeletal	musculoskeletal system of	vertebrates.	vertebrates.	system of vertebrates.
system	vertebrates.	Substantiates his answers,	Limited use of evidence from empirical	There is no logical connection in the
	Excellently substantiates his	sometimes justifying them	research.	answers, which are not supported by
	answers, justifying them with	with examples		arguments and are not supported by
	examples.			examples.
Analysis of literary data on	Deep analysis of literary data on	A good analysis of literary	A satisfactory analysis of literary data on	Poor or absent analysis of literary data
the structure of the	the structure of the	data on the structure of the	the structure of the musculoskeletal	on the structure of the musculoskeletal
musculoskeletal system of	musculoskeletal system of	musculoskeletal system of	system of vertebrates.	system of vertebrates.
vertebrates	vertebrates.	vertebrates.		
Consideration of the main	The answer is clear, deep	The answer is structured, there	The answer is not structured; answers to	There is absolutely no logical
provisions, giving	logically structured and directly	are some inaccuracies	questions are presented in a chaotic	connection in the answer.
comparative aspects and	connected with question.	(insignificant errors) in the	order, without any logical relationship.	
examples, putting forward	Maintains consistent, clearly	presentation of theoretical and	There are no results or conclusions.	
statements and conclusions.	formulated answers to the	practical material; the answer		
	questions posed, is able to	is less thorough, deep, valid		
	connect theory with practice,	and complete. The results and		
	illustrate with examples, facts, and scientific research data;	conclusions are partially summarized.		
	· ·	summarized.		
	connections, proposals, conclusions.			
Presentation, Teamwork	Excellent, attractive	Good engagement, good	Satisfactory level of involvement,	Low level of involvement, low quality
resentation, reamwork	presentation, excellent quality	quality of visuals, slides or	satisfactory quality of materials,	of materials, poor level of teamwork.
	of visuals, slides, materials,	other materials, good level of	satisfactory quanty of materials, satisfactory level of teamwork.	of materials, poor level of tealifwork.
	excellent teamwork.	teamwork.	satisfactory level of teamwork.	
	CACCITCHI (Calliwork.	waniwoik.		

SIW 2: A group presentation « Features of the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and the immune system» (17% of 100% MC)

Criterion	"Excellent"	"Good"	"Satisfactory"	"Unsatisfactory"
	10-17 %	8-10 %	5-8 %	0-15 %
Understanding the theories and concepts of the vertebrate cardiovascular system and immune system	Deep understanding of theories and concepts of the vertebrate cardiovascular system and immune system Relevant and relevant links (citations) to key sources are provided.	Understanding the theories and concepts of the vertebrate cardiovascular system and immune system. Links (citations) to key sources are provided.	Limited understanding of theories and concepts of the vertebrate cardiovascular system and immune system. Limited references (citations) to key sources are provided.	Superficial understanding/lack of understanding of theories and concepts of the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and the immune system.  Relevant references (citations) to key sources are not provided.
Awareness of key issues in the structure of the vertebrate cardiovascular system and immune system	Broad knowledge of key issues in the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and the immune system.  Excellent justifies its answers with examples.	Knowledge of the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and the immune system. Substantiates his answers, sometimes justifying them with examples.	Limited knowledge of the structure of the vertebrate cardiovascular system and immune system. Limited number of reasoned examples for answers.	Little awareness/incompetence of the structure of the vertebrate cardiovascular system and immune system.  There is no logical connection in the answers, which are not supported by arguments and are not supported by examples.
Analysis of literary data on the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and the immune system	A deep analysis of literary data on the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and the immune system.	A good analysis of the literature on the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and the immune system.	A satisfactory analysis of the literature on the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and the immune system.	Poor or absent analysis of literature data on the structure of the cardiovascular system of vertebrates and the immune system.
Consideration of the main provisions, giving comparative aspects and examples, putting forward statements and conclusions.	The answer is clear, deep logically structured and directly connected with question. Maintains consistent, clearly formulated answers to the questions posed, is able to connect theory with practice, illustrate with examples, facts, and scientific research data; makes interdisciplinary connections, proposals, conclusions.	The answer is structured, there are some inaccuracies (insignificant errors) in the presentation of theoretical and practical material; the answer is less thorough, deep, valid and complete. The results and conclusions are partially summarized.	The answer is not structured; answers to questions are presented in a chaotic order, without any logical relationship. There are no results or conclusions.	There is absolutely no logical connection in the answer.
Presentation, Teamwork	Excellent, attractive presentation, excellent quality of visuals, slides, materials, excellent teamwork.	Good engagement, good quality of visuals, slides or other materials, good level of teamwork.	Satisfactory level of involvement, satisfactory quality of materials, satisfactory level of teamwork.	Low level of involvement, low quality of materials, poor level of teamwork.

SIW 3: A group presentation «Structure, function and classification of epithelial tissues and glandular epithelia» (15% of 100% MC)

Criterion	"Excellent"	"Good"	"Satisfactory"	''Unsatisfactory''
	10-15 %	8-10 %	5-8 %	0-15 %
Understanding of theories and basic principles of classifications of tissues, their structures, functions, knowledge of professional terms and definitions.	Deep understanding of theories and basic principles of classifications of tissues, their structures, functions, knowledge of professional terms and definitions.  Relevant and relevant links (citations) to key sources are provided.	Understanding of theories and basic principles of classifications of tissues, their structures, functions, knowledge of professional terms and definitions. Links (citations) to key sources are provided.	Limited understanding of theories and basic principles of classifications of tissues, their structures, functions, knowledge of professional terms and definitions.  Limited references (citations) to key sources are provided.	Superficial understanding / lack of understanding of theories and basic principles of classifications of tissues, their structures, functions, knowledge of professional terms and definitions.  Relevant references (citations) to key sources are not provided.
Understanding the structure, functions of epithelial and glandular tissues, their role in the body, as well as the performance of their biological role	Well understanding the structure, functions of epithelial and glandular tissues, their role in the body, as well as the performance of their biological role. Excellently substantiates his answers, justifying them with examples.	Partially informing about the structure, functions of epithelial and glandular tissues, their role in the body, as well as the performance of their biological role. Substantiates his answers, sometimes justifying them with examples.	Limited understanding the structure, functions of epithelial and glandular tissues, their role in the body, as well as the performance of their biological role. Limited number of reasoned examples for answers.	No understanding the structure, functions of epithelial and glandular tissues, their role in the body, as well as the performance of their biological role
Consideration of the main provisions, giving comparative aspects and examples, putting forward statements and conclusions.	The answer is clear, deep logically structured and directly connected with question. Maintains consistent, clearly formulated answers to the questions posed, is able to connect theory with practice, illustrate with examples, facts, and scientific research data; makes interdisciplinary connections, proposals, conclusions.	The answer is structured, there are some inaccuracies (insignificant errors) in the presentation of theoretical and practical material; the answer is less thorough, deep, valid and complete. The results and conclusions are partially summarized.	The answer is not structured; answers to questions are presented in a chaotic order, without any logical relationship. There are no results or conclusions.	There is absolutely no logical connection in the answer.
Presentation, Teamwork	Excellent, attractive presentation, excellent quality of visuals, slides, materials, excellent teamwork.	Good engagement, good quality of visuals, slides or other materials, good level of teamwork.	Satisfactory level of involvement, satisfactory quality of materials, satisfactory level of teamwork.	Low level of involvement, low quality of materials, poor level of teamwork.

SIW 4: A group presentation « The bone, muscle and nervous tissues » (15% of 100% MC)

Criterion	"Excellent"	"Good"	"Satisfactory"	''Unsatisfactory''
	10-15 %	8-10 %	5-8 %	0-15 %
Understanding the theories	Deep the theories and basic	Understanding of the theories	Limited understanding of the theories	Superficial understanding / lack of
and basic principles of the	principles of the relationship of	and basic principles of the	and basic principles of the relationship	understanding of the theories and
relationship of tissues in the	tissues in the body, knowledge	relationship of tissues in the	of tissues in the body, knowledge of	basic principles of the relationship of
body, knowledge of	of professional terms and	body, knowledge of	professional terms and definitions.	tissues in the body, knowledge of
professional terms and	definitions.	professional terms and	Limited references (citations) to key	professional terms and definitions.
definitions.	Relevant and relevant links	definitions.	sources are provided.	Relevant references (citations) to key
	(citations) to key sources are	Links (citations) to key		sources are not provided.
	provided.	sources are provided.		
<b>Understanding the</b>	Well Understanding the	Partially understanding the	Limited understands Understanding the	No understanding the structural
structural organization and	structural organization and	structural organization and	structural organization and functions of	organization and functions of the
functions of the bone,	functions of the bone, muscle	functions of the bone, muscle	the bone, muscle and nervous tissues.	bone, muscle and nervous tissues.
muscle and nervous tissues.	and nervous tissues.	and nervous tissues.	Limited number of reasoned examples	There is no logical connection in the
	Excellently substantiates his	Substantiates his answers,	for answers.	answers, which are not supported by
	answers, justifying them with	sometimes justifying them		arguments and are not supported by
	examples.	with examples.		examples.
Consideration of the main	The answer is clear, deep	The answer is structured, there	The answer is not structured; answers to	There is absolutely no logical
provisions, giving	logically structured and directly	are some inaccuracies	questions are presented in a chaotic	connection in the answer.
comparative aspects and	connected with question.	(insignificant errors) in the	order, without any logical relationship.	
examples, putting forward	Maintains consistent, clearly	presentation of theoretical and	There are no results or conclusions.	
statements and conclusions.	formulated answers to the	practical material; the answer		
	questions posed, is able to	is less thorough, deep, valid		
	connect theory with practice,	and complete. The results and		
	illustrate with examples, facts,	conclusions are partially		
	and scientific research data;	summarized.		
	makes interdisciplinary			
	connections, proposals,			
	conclusions.			
Presentation, Teamwork	Excellent, attractive	Good engagement, good	Satisfactory level of involvement,	Low level of involvement, low quality
	presentation, excellent quality	quality of visuals, slides or	satisfactory quality of materials,	of materials, poor level of teamwork.
	of visuals, slides, materials,	other materials, good level of	satisfactory level of teamwork.	
	excellent teamwork.	teamwork.		